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## Questionnaire\_ Bare Nouns

NOTE: Red characters indicate that the sentence is ungrammatical in Italian

	Italian version	English translation	Santa Maria Capua Vetere	English translation (if the example differs from the original)
<i>Plural object</i>				
1.	Ieri zia Maria e zio Giovanni hanno sbucciato fagioli per tutto il pomeriggio	Yesterday my Aunt Maria and my Uncle Giovanni have been peeling beans all afternoon	addʒə ʃbuttʃatə *(e) məlunə pe n-ora	I had been peeling melons for an hour
2.	Gianni vende patate	Gianni sells potatoes	dʒannə vennə *(e) mmelə	Gianni sells apples
3.	Quel negozio vende frigoriferi?	Does that shop sell fridges?	dʒannə sə maŋŋə *(e) ʃpagettə	Gianni eats spaghetti
4.	L'altro giorno ho trovato formiche nel salone	I found ants in the living room the other day		
<i>Plural object modified by an adjective</i>				
5.	Zia Maria e zio Giovanni sbucciano fagioli bianchi da quando erano piccoli	My Aunt Maria and My Uncle Giovanni have been peeling white beans since they were young	addʒə ʃbuttʃatə *(e) məlunə russə pe n-ora	I had been peeling red melons for an hour
6.	La polizia ha interrogato Gianni e lui ha raccontato bugie enormi	The police questioned Gianni and he told huge lies		
7.	Quella ditta costruisce/ha costruito case grandissime	That firm builds/built huge houses	Marijə fa/a fattə *(e) kkasə nəvə	Mario builds/has built new houses
8.	Ho comprato pomodori maturi per fare la salsa	I bought ripe tomatoes to make the sauce		

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<i>Mass object</i>				
9.	Ho trovato polvere da tutte le parti	I found dust everywhere	dʒannə vennə *(a) karnə	Giovanni sells meat
10.	Hai farina?	Have you got any flour?	Maria fa *(o) bbinə	Mary produces wine
<i>Mass object modified by an adjective</i>				
11.	Ieri alla fiera hanno distribuito vino rosso per tutti	They gave out red wine for everyone at the fair yesterday	Maria fa *(o) bbinə russə	Mary produces red wine
12.	Hai pesce fresco?	Have you got any fresh fish?		
<i>Singular object</i>				
13.	Ho preparato torta	I prepared a cake	addʒə akkattatə *(nu) maʎʎonə	I bought a sweater
<i>Singular object modified by an adjective</i>				
14.	Ho preparato torta buonissima	I prepared a very good cake	*	
<i>Plural subject</i>				
15.	Turisti sono arrivati in questo periodo	Tourists arrived in this period	*(tʃierti) kumbaŋŋə m anna vənì a ttruvà	Some friends are coming to visit me
16.	Foglie sono cadute su tutta la strada	Leaves have fallen all over the road	*	
<i>Plural subject modified by an adjective</i>				
17.	Turisti spagnoli sono arrivati in città	Spanish tourists came to town	*	
18.	Rami secchi sono caduti sulla strada	Dead branches have fallen on the road	*	

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<i>Mass subject</i>				
19.	Polvere piove dappertutto	It's raining/has rained dust	*	
<i>Mass subject modified by an adjective</i>				
20.	Polvere rossa piove dappertutto	It's raining/has rained red dust	*	
<i>Singular subject</i>				
21.	Studentessa è venuta a parlarmi	A student came to talk to me	*(nu) waλλonə parlə	a boy is talking
<i>Singular subject modified by an adjective</i>				
22.	Studentessa americana è arrivata	An American student (female) came	*	
<i>Plural postverbal subject</i>				
23.	Sono arrivati turisti in questo periodo	Tourists arrived in this period	m anna vənì a ttruvà *(tʃierti) kumbaŋŋə	Some friends are coming to visit me
24.	Sono cadute foglie su tutta la strada	Leaves have fallen all over the road	vənəttərə *(e/tandi) kundadinə a tuttə partə	(Many) peasants have arrived from everywhere
<i>Plural postverbal subject modified by an adjective</i>				
25.	Sono arrivati turisti spagnoli in città	Spanish tourists have arrived in town	*	
26.	Sono caduti rami secchi sulla strada	Dead branches have fallen on the road	*	
<i>Mass postverbal subject</i>				
27.	Piove/Ha piovuto polvere	It's raining/has rained dust	*	

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<i>Mass postverbal subject modified by an adjective</i>				
28.	Piove/Ha piovuto polvere rossa	It's raining/has rained red dust	*	
<i>Singular postverbal subject</i>				
29.	È venuta studentessa a parlarmi	A student came to talk to me	vənɛttə *(na) waʎʎonə a pparlà ku mme	
<i>Singular postverbal subject modified by an adjective</i>				
30.	È venuta studentessa americana	An American student (female) came	*	
<i>Plural subject of existential sentence (with locative coda)</i>				
31.	Sul vestito ci sono macchie	There are stains on the dress	*	
<i>Mass subject of existential sentence (with locative coda)</i>				
32.	C'è acqua sul tavolo	There's water on the table	*	
<i>Plural subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) modified by an adjective</i>				
33.	Sul vestito ci sono macchie nere	On the dress there are black stains	*	
<i>Mass subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) modified by an adjective</i>				
34.	C'era aria viziata di là	There was spoiled air in there	*	
<i>Plural subject of existential sentence (with a relative clause as the coda)</i>				
35.	Ci sono studenti sfaticati (= esistono studenti che sono sfaticati)	There are laggard students (= there exist students who are laggard)		

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36.	Ci sono bambini spensierati (= esistono bambini che sono spensierati)	There are carefree children (= there exist children who are carefree)		
37.	Ci sono macchie che non se ne vanno	There are stains that don't go away		
<i>Mass subject of existential sentence (with a relative clause as the coda)</i>				
38.	C'è vino che migliora quando invecchia	There's wine that gets better when it gets old		
<i>Singular subject of existential clause</i>				
39.	C'è pianta in giardino	There is a plant in the garden	*	
40.	C'è pianta malata	There is a sick plant	*	
41.	C'è pianta che sta appassendo	There is a plant that's withering	*	