Guardiano Cristina, Michela Cambria and Vincenzo Stalfieri (2022) Number Morphology and Bare Nouns in Some Romance Dialects of Italy. *Languages* 7: 255. https://doi.org/10.3390/ languages7040255, Supplementary Material available at http://www.parametricomparison.unimore.it/site/home/projects/prin-2017/documents-and-materials.html, accessed on DD/MM/YYYY.

Questionnaire – Bare Nouns

NOTE: Red characters indicate that the sentence is ungrammatical in Italian

| | Italian version | English translation | Mussomeli | English translation (if the example differs from the original) | |
|--------|--|---|--|---|--|
| Plural | Plural object | | | | |
| 1. | Ieri zia Maria e zio Giovanni hanno sbucciato fagioli per tutto il pomeriggio | Yesterday my Aunt Maria and my Uncle Giovanni have been peeling beans all afternoon | ajiri taggjammu t∫ipuddi finu a kwannu ni misimu a kkjandʒiri | Yesterday we cut onions until we cried | |
| 2. | Gianni vende patate | Gianni sells potatoes | liddʒivu libbra | I read books | |
| 3. | Quel negozio vende frigoriferi? | Does that shop sell fridges? | Marju vinni skarpi | Mario sells shoes | |
| 4. | L'altro giorno ho trovato formiche nel salone | I found ants in the living room the other day | truwavu frummikuli unneggjè | I found ants everywhere | |
| Plural | Plural object modified by an adjective | | | | |
| 5. | Zia Maria e zio Giovanni sbucciano fagioli bianchi da quando erano piccoli | My Aunt Maria and my Uncle Giovanni have been peeling white beans since they were young | ajiri taggjammu tJipuddi rrussi finu a kwannu ni misimu a kkjandʒiri | Yesterday we cut red onions until we cried | |
| 6. | La polizia ha interrogato Gianni e lui ha raccontato bugie enormi | The police questioned Gianni and he told huge lies | Marju si jì a kkunvissari ma a u parrinu tʃi kundà mindzəŋŋi ranni kuamu na kasa | Mario went to confess his sins but he told very huge lies to the priest (lit. lies as big as a house) | |
| 7. | Quella ditta costruisce/ha costruito case grandissime | That firm builds/built huge houses | a skola voli piλλari professura pitt∫watti | The school wants to hire young teachers | |

| 8. | Ho comprato pomodori maturi per fare la salsa | I bought ripe tomatoes to make the sauce | Marju vinniva skarpi bbwani ma nuddu tʃi i vuliva pagari bwani | Mario used to sell good shoes but nobody wanted to pay the right prize for them. |
|--------|---|---|---|--|
| Mass o | bject | | | |
| 9. | Ho trovato polvere da tutte le parti | I found dust everywhere | truwai pruvulattsu a tutti banni | |
| 10. | Hai farina? | Have you got any flour? | vivi vinu ri kwannu eratu niku | You have been drinking wine since you were a child |
| Mass o | Mass object modified by an adjective | | | |
| 11. | Ieri alla fiera hanno distribuito vino rosso per tutti | They gave out red wine for everyone at the fair yesterday | mi mandʒavu karni | I ate meat |
| 12. | Hai pesce fresco? | Have you got any fresh fish? | mi vwajju viviri vinu | I want to drink wine |
| Singul | ar object | | | |
| 13. | Ho preparato torta | I made a cake | * | |
| Singul | ar object modified by an adjective | | | |
| 14. | Ho preparato torta buonissima | I made a very good cake | * | |
| Plural | subject | | | |
| 15. | Turisti sono arrivati in questo periodo | Tourists arrived in this period | * | |
| 16. | Foglie sono cadute su tutta la strada | Leaves have fallen all over the road | * | |

| Plura | subject modified by an adjective | | | |
|-------|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 17. | Turisti spagnoli sono arrivati in città | Spanish tourists have come to town | ?? maistri pitt∫watti ann-a telefonari | Some young teachers are going to phone me |
| 18. | Rami secchi sono caduti sulla strada | Dead branches have fallen on the road | ?? rrami sikki kadiaru nn-a strata | |
| Mass | subject | | | |
| 19. | Polvere piove dappertutto | It's raining/has rained dust | * | |
| Mass | subject modified by an adjective | | | |
| 20. | Polvere rossa piove dappertutto | It's raining/has rained red dust | * | |
| Singu | lar subject | | | |
| 21. | Studentessa è venuta a parlarmi | A student came to talk to me | * | |
| Singu | lar subject modified by an adjective | | | |
| 22. | Studentessa americana è arrivata | An American student (female) came | * | |
| Plura | l postverbal subject | | | |
| 23. | Sono arrivati turisti in questo periodo | Tourists arrived in this period | arrivanu turisti di unnieggiè | Tourists come from everywhere |
| 24. | Sono cadute foglie su tutta la strada | Leaves have fallen all over the road | davanti nni mia passanu makini sendza finiri | Cars pass next to my house relentlessly |
| Plura | l postverbal subject modified by an adjective | | | |
| 25. | Sono arrivati turisti spagnoli in città | Spanish tourists have come to town | ann a ttelefonari maistri pittswatti | Some young teachers are going to |

| | | | | phone me | |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|----------|--|
| 26. | Sono caduti rami secchi sulla strada | Dead branches have fallen on the road | kadiaru rrami sikki nn-a strata | | |
| Mass pe | ostverbal subject | | | | |
| 27. | Piove/Ha piovuto polvere | It's raining/has rained dust | ajiri kjoppi pruvulattsu/rina | | |
| Mass pe | ostverbal subject modified by an adjective | | | | |
| 28. | Piove/Ha piovuto polvere rossa | It's raining/has rained red dust | ajiri kjoppi pruvulattsu/rina russu/russa | | |
| Singula | Singular postverbal subject | | | | |
| 29. | È venuta studentessa a parlarmi | A student came to talk to me | * | | |
| Singula | Singular postverbal subject modified by an adjective | | | | |
| 30. | È venuta studentessa americana | An American student (female) came | * | | |
| Plural s | Plural subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) | | | | |
| 31. | Sul vestito ci sono macchie | There are stains on the dress | nn u vistitu tʃi sunnu makkji | | |
| Mass sı | Mass subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) | | | | |
| 32. | C'è acqua sul tavolo | There's water on the table | ngapu u tavulu t∫ ε akkwa | | |
| Plural subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) modified by an adjective | | | | | |
| 33. | Sul vestito ci sono macchie nere | On the dress there are black stains | nn u vistitu tʃi sunnu makkji niuri | | |

| Mass. | Mass subject of existential sentence (with locative coda) modified by an adjective | | | |
|--------|--|---|--|---|
| 34. | C'era aria viziata di là | There was spoiled air in there | t∫ε arja fridda ddra ffori | There's cold air outside |
| Plural | subject of existential sentence (with a relativ | e clause as the coda) | | |
| 35. | Ci sono studenti sfaticati (= esistono studenti che sono sfaticati) | There are laggard students (= there exist students who are laggard) | nn Italja tʃi sunnu kristjani laṇṇusi | In Italy there are people who are laggard |
| 36. | Ci sono bambini spensierati (= esistono bambini che sono spensierati) | There are carefree children (= there exist children who are carefree) | tsi sunnu pittswatti lannusi | There are children who are laggard |
| 37. | Ci sono macchie che non se ne vanno | There are stains that don't go away | tsi sunnu makkji ka un si levanu | |
| Mass . | subject of existential sentence (with a relative | clause as the coda) | | |
| 38. | C'è vino che migliora quando invecchia | There's wine that gets better when it gets old | $\mathfrak{t}\mathfrak{f}\epsilon$ (u) vinu ka ti fa mbrjakari subbitu | There's wine that turns you drunk immediately |
| Singu | ar subject of existential clause | | | |
| 39. | C'è pianta in giardino | There is a plant in the garden | * | |
| 40. | C'è pianta malata | There is a sick plant | * | |
| 41. | C'è pianta che sta appassendo | There is a plant that's withering | * | |